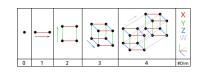
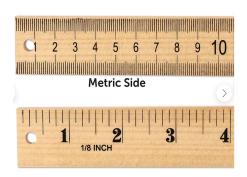
Spatial (space) dimensions & units



 $2 \text{ m} + 3 \text{ m} \neq 5 \text{ m}^2$

1 dimension (1D) \Rightarrow Length (*l*)

Metric (International system, SI) units	Imperial (British imperial) units
Millimeter (mm) Centimeter (cm) \Rightarrow 10 mm in 1 cm Meter (m) \Rightarrow 1000 mm in 1 m \Rightarrow 100 cm in 1 m Kilometer (km) \Rightarrow 1000 m in 1 km	Inch (in, ") Foot (ft, ') \Rightarrow 12 inches in 1 foot Yard (yd) \Rightarrow 3 feet in 1 yard Mile (mi) \Rightarrow 5280 feet in 1 mile



Metric ← **Imperial length conversion**

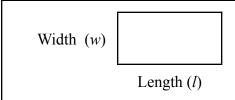
Units: 2 m + 3 m = 5 m

- 1 cm \approx 0.4 inch $(\frac{4}{10}$ inch)
- 1 inch = 2.54 cm $\approx 2\frac{1}{2}$ cm
- 1 meter ≈ 3.28 feet $\approx 3\frac{1}{3}$ feet
- 1 kilometer ≈ 0.62 miles $\approx \frac{3}{5}$ miles
- 1 mile $\approx 1.6 \text{ km} \approx 1\frac{3}{5} \text{ km}$

2 dimensions (2D) \Rightarrow Area (A) Units: $2 \text{ m} \times 3 \text{ m} = 6 \text{ square meters } (6 \text{ m}^2)$

 $2 \text{ m} \times 3 \text{ m} \neq 6 \text{ m}$ **Metric units Imperial units** Square millimeter (mm²) Square inch (in \times in = in²) Square centimeter (cm \times cm = cm²) (cm squared) Square foot (ft²) Square meter (m²) Square yard (yd²) Square kilometer (km²) Square mile (mi²)

Area of a rectangle formula \Rightarrow Area equals length times width. Area is measured in square units.



$$A = l \times w$$

** Remember and double check**

Units are also multiplied, and therefore (:) change. Area is measured in square units. Always check the units!

 $2 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm} = 8 \text{ square cm} (8 \text{ cm}^2) (8 \text{ cm squared})$

$2 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm} \neq 8 \text{ cm}$

"Square" & "squared" mean multiplying something by itself, $\dot{\cdot}$ $0 \times 0 = 0^2 = 0 \dots 1 \times 1 = 1^2 = 1 \dots 2 \times 2 = 2^2 = 4$ $3 \times 3 = 3^2 = 9 \dots 10 \times 10 = 10^2 = 100 \dots \infty \times \infty = \infty^2 = \infty$

Ex. 1) Alice makes the rectangle below with 4 square cm tiles. What is the: length? width? area?

1 cm

l = 1 cm + 1 cm = 2 cm

l = 2 cm w = 2 cm $A = l \times w$ $A = 2 \text{ cm} \times 2 \text{ cm} = 4 \text{ cm}^2$

The area is 4 square cm. (or: The area is 4 cm².)

Ex. 2) Bob makes the rectangle below with 4 square cm tiles. What is the: length? width? area?

l = 1 cm + 1 cm + 1 cm + 1 cm = 4 cm

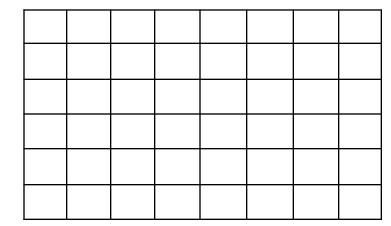
l = 4 cm

w = 1 cm

 $A = 4 \text{ cm} \times 1 \text{ cm} = 4 \text{ cm}^2$

The area is 4 square cm. (or: The area is 4 cm².)

Ex. 3) Alice & Bob make a rectangle with 48 square cm tiles If there are 6 equal rows:



What is the length? $\Rightarrow l = 8 \text{ cm}$ What is the width? $\Rightarrow w = 6 \text{ cm}$ What are the dimensions? $\Rightarrow 8 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm}$ What is the area? $\Rightarrow A = l \times w$

 $\Rightarrow A = 8 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm}$

 $\Rightarrow A = 48 \text{ cm}^2$

The area is 48 square cm.

or

The area is 48 cm².

3 dimensions (3D) \Rightarrow Volume (V)

Volume is measured in cubic units.

"Cubed" or "cubic" means multiplying something by itself twice, :.

 $1 \times 1 \times 1 = 1^3 = 1 \dots 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^3 = 8$

 $3 \times 3 \times 3 = 3^3 = 27 \dots 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 10^3 = 1000 \dots$

$V = l \times w \times h$



Metric unitsImperial unitsCubic millimeter (mm³)
Cubic cm (cm × cm × cm = cm³) (cm cubed)
Cubic meter (m³)
Cubic kilometer (km³)Cubic in (in × in × in = in³)
Cubic foot (ft³)
Cubic yard (yd³)
Cubic mile (mi³)